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PAT CROWE, FAMOUS EX-BANDIT, NOW A FEEDER OF BLOODED DOGS

And While So Engaged is Writing a
Scenario That is Supposed to
Astonish the World

It Promises to Put Ibsen, Lincoln J.
Carter, and all Other "Thrillers"
in the Background

In years gone by Chief of Detectives—now county collector—Dick Fuls, the present United States Deputy Marshal Bill T. Wheeler, Pat Ryan, now chief of the Burlington office; Charley Hensley, now with the Burlington secret service department, and about one-half of the then police force of St. Joseph, and all of the deputies that could be spared out of Sheriff Jim Sampson's office used to spend about half of their time up in the French Bottoms and around Dug Hill and the waterworks chasing Pat Crowe. They never did catch Pat, but they got near enough on several occasions to exchange shots with him and his pals, but that was about as much "meat" as the boys ever got. Pat was too elusive and kept out of gunshot and handcuffs.

At that time Pat was engaged in a general line of outside happenings which looked to the sleuths as if they needed attention, and his activity finally developed into the kidnaping of young Cudaby at Omaha, for which Pat finally settled with the pork packer by accepting \$25,000 of the ham dispenser's money, and a clearance to stay out of the pen as far as the man of beef and pork was concerned. With his easily acquired \$25,000 Pat had a joyous time while it lasted. Then when broke he did not like to return to his old gang, so he tried preaching for awhile and exhorted till that wore out. Then he stepped out on the prohibition platform and preached temperance until he got to drinking so hard that the prohibition lecture bureau would not pay his salary any longer. Now he has struck a new gait, and a new level. The famous Pat is now writing a motion picture scenario, and his field is in an ordinary back yard in St. Paul, where he is employed as caretaker for a pack of dogs.

A Dollar a Day and Found
Thomas Tobin is a noted dog fancier of St. Paul and he has hired Crowe, once the winner of \$25,000 in ransom, to feed and take care of forty dogs at \$1 a day and board.

And with the noise of the dogs ringing in his ears, Pat has now been spurred on to write a scenario that will be a world beater, one that will incorporate his own exciting past, and be the success of the season.

As Sir Isaac Newton discovered gravity by being hit in the eye with an apple while lying on the ground, Pat discovered his own literary ability by holding his hands over his ears to shut out the sound of the canines.

With a stick handy to chase away the dogs in case they became too aggressive, Pat began.

Excitement at Outset
The opening of the scenario deals with the birth of the hero, and continues:

"At ten years old enters family wardrobe while parents are away. Gets costly linen, makes pair wings, tries to fly from top of barn. Falls in mud pond where hogs are wallowing, rescued by sister, Tillie Crowe."

There it is, a bit of excitement right at the start, including a rescue by a girl.

As Pat reached this point a large shepherd dog approached him. Why not incorporate a dog in the story? No sooner said than done.

The scenario goes on:
"Afraid of beating, he gets his faithful shepherd dog, goes across field and climbs haystack and at sunset across the field—picture the sunset and the boy on the haystack—falls asleep as dog stands watch."

"Darkness gathers and parents return home from town with candy and toys."

Instead of a whip, parents bring goodies, a contrast worthy of George

Bernard Shaw.
"The boy is nowhere to be found. An exciting search afoot and on horseback is a failure. Mother's lone night vigil is rewarded by barking of faithful dog from top of haystack, which is being surrounded by pack of timber wolves."

Thrill? Lincoln J. Carter was a piker compared to Pat.

A Thrilling Rescue

"Father hastens to the rescue of sleeping boy, who was all unconscious of his peril. Father drives away pack of wolves with rail taken from old-fashioned rail fence."

The dogs in the back yard set up a whining for their dinner as Pat reached this point.

After eating his own dinner, Pat felt more like a love scene. So he sketched a bit of Robert W. Chambers stuff:

"Hero starts work in packing industry. Stockyards scene. Meets girl daughter of hotel keeper, Marries and settles in cottage."

A regular cottage, vine clad and all the rest, but then comes trouble:

"Returns home from work, finds former sweetheart of wife talking to wife at the gate. In jealous rage leaves home." Henrik Ibsen stuff. "Falls in with old friend of youth, who takes him to saloon, a crook's hangout."

"Train robbery is planned and carried out." (Al Jennings please note.) "Sent to prison, but wife gets pardon. They seek seclusion of mountains together. Discover copper mine." (A bit of Oliver Optic.) "Great wealth. Lives in style. Attends cabarets with friends."

As Pat finished the scenario, he arose to give the dogs their supper.

"What do you think of it?" he asked a friend. "I expect to sell that for a big sum."

OPEN DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN

The Democrats of this county will open their campaign next Saturday starting with a grand rally at that stronghold of Democracy, Rushville, where the hall will be started to rolling. At all of the meetings to be held all of the county officers will be present and at the principal ones Congressman Booher will be present and address the assemblages. It is proposed to make the campaign a most vigorous one. The meetings are arranged will be as follows:

Rushville, Sept. 30, B. R. Martin, speaker.

San Antonio, Oct. 2, Horace Merritt, Sherwood schoolhouse, Oct. 3, J. R. Clay.

Frazier, Oct. 4, A. B. Duncan, Halls, Oct. 5, Charles W. Mayer, Burnett schoolhouse, Oct. 6, R. E. Culver.

Easton, Oct. 7, J. G. Parkinson, Saxton, Oct. 9, E. M. Swartz, Faucett, Oct. 10, S. K. Owen, Woodbine, Oct. 11, James W. Mylton.

Connett schoolhouse, Oct. 12, John Connett, Garretsburg, Oct. 13, Charles H. Mayer.

Agency, Oct. 14, A. B. Duncan, Spring Garden, Oct. 16, Horace Merritt.

French Bottoms, Oct. 17, John W. Muir.

Wallace, Oct. 18, L. C. Gabbert, Maxwell schoolhouse, Oct. 19, C. A. Porter.

Hurlingen, Oct. 20, Barney Reilly, DeKalb, Oct. 21, Louis V. Stigall.

Whitney Leighty, a well known resident of the South End, was struck Monday night at Fifth and Edmond streets by a jitney driven by a woman named Purvis, and seriously injured, three ribs being broken and other painful injuries being sustained. Leighty is in the hospital.

A GREAT MEETING

St. Joseph Makes a Good Showing Before the Land Bank Commissioners

If St. Joseph does not get one of the land banks, it will not be because the citizens of this place and this community did not try—and did a splendid job of trying.

When the land bank commission composed of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, George W. Norris, chairman; Herbert Quick, Charles E. Lobdell and W. S. A. Smith reached here Wednesday forenoon they were taken in charge by a Commerce Club committee headed by Col. R. M. Bacheller and taken to the Hotel Robidoux, where they attended a Commercial Club dinner, and from there were taken to the courthouse, where a hearing of the case was held which was presided over by Secretary McAdoo. The meeting was very largely attended, delegations of farmers and business men from all of the territory adjacent to this city being in attendance and urging the claims of St. Joseph. The claims of St. Joseph were not only presented verbally but were embodied in a handsomely bound brief which was presented the commission.

Among those who verbally presented the claims of St. Joseph were R. M. Bacheller, chairman of the special committee of the Commerce Club in charge of the movement to obtain a bank for St. Joseph; Samuel D. Gromer, of the agricultural college of Missouri; Paul M. Culver, Gower, Mo., president of the Federation of Missouri Agricultural Societies; W. B. Strang of Kansas City, president of an inter-urban line; Ben Stuart, Rushville, farmer and fruit grower; H. L. Sonner, Daviess County, abstractor; W. H. Baker, of the extension department, Missouri state agricultural college; B. H. Sanders, Worth County, stock dealer; D. O. Decker, civic commissioner of the Commerce Club, who presented St. Joseph's case; R. N. Glenn, assistant superintendent of mails of St. Joseph postoffice; Judge W. K. James, R. T. Forbes, president First National Bank; True Davis, livestock commission man; Hugh Bowen, postmaster of South St. Joseph; C. E. EnDavid Little, retired farmer, and L. V. Crandall, county agricultural agent.

After the hearing the commission was taken to the Country Club, where they were entertained at dinner, after which they departed for Lincoln, Neb.

FORD FOR WILSON

The Automobile Man While at Kansas City Says that Wilson is Good Enough for Him

Henry Ford, the man who makes millions of machines and incidentally millions of dollars from making them, was in Kansas City Wednesday, and while there was, as usual, interviewed by the newspaper men. He reiterated his statement made some time ago as to his being for Wilson and also added other interesting features. To a Times man who asked him who was going to win the European war he said:

"Oh, no one's going to win it," he answered instantly. "The interests will see to that. They want a draw so they can do it again. But it has gone too far this time. They've got a frankenstein on their hands. I think the people are going to run things in Europe after this. If they do there will be no more war."

"What do you think of Mexico?" "I think that Wilson is onto the fellows that are trying to make trouble down there. That's what I think, don't you?"

The reporter tried to beg the question but Ford pressed it.

"You've been on the border all summer and don't know that American interests are stirring up those ignorant peons to fire across the border?" he asked pityingly. "Why, of course you do. But Wilson is onto them. I know he is. I told him about it myself."

"Then you are entirely satisfied with the Wilson foreign policy?"

"He has kept us out of war, hasn't he? The country is prosperous, isn't it? There's no probability of our getting into war, is there? Remember I'm a Republican, but that's enough of a platform for any party."

"His opponents say that his policy came much nearer provoking war with Germany than otherwise."

"How do you mean?" "They cite his note to Germany," the reporter began.

"Note to Germany, hell!" Ford interrupted and added, cryptically, "There are interests in Germany, too, you know."

All roads will lead to St. Joseph's Fashion Show next week. There will be all kinds of free attractions and plenty of amusement for all.

McADOO IS SANGUINE

Is Satisfied that President Wilson Will Be Re-Elected by a Decided Majority

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo is not only optimistic, but he is sanguine that President Wilson will be re-elected in November, and that with a decisive majority. When seen at the Robidoux the secretary, prior to the meeting of the land bank commission, was not at all averse to saying a few words about the political situation. Answering a question as to what he thought of the chances for President Wilson's success, he said:

"Things are in the best possible condition. The Democratic party is united as solidly as the best of feeling and unanimity could make any organization, and as to its fighting capabilities, they were never better. I am as confident from all I have seen and heard—and I have had many different points of observation—that President Wilson will be re-elected in November as I am that we shall have an election on November 7th. Every sign and indication points to a splendid victory—and our earnest working Democrats will bring it about."

MISS LOUISA TUTT PASSES AWAY

A Well Known St. Joseph Lady Is Called to the Great Beyond

It was with deep regret that the people of St. Joseph learned of the death of Miss Louisa Tutt, which occurred at the home of Mrs. M. J. Williams, 515 North Fifth street, at 5 o'clock Wednesday morning, after an illness of seven months. There are few ladies in St. Joseph who will more missed than Miss Tutt. She was of that type of women who were born into the world to do good, and that was all that she did during the long life of eighty-four years that she spent with humanity—and for humanity's good.

She was of good old Virginia stock, having been born in Culpepper County, that state, and was a daughter of the late Judge Tutt, who filled the office of probate judge of this county from 1859 to 1887. In 1835 she with her family located in Callaway County, this state, and later came to St. Joseph, where she had resided for the greater part of her life. She now has relatives living here among whom are Mrs. Minnie Jones, Mrs. Staughton Walker, Miss Mildred Brittain, John S. Brittain, Jr., R. E. Hastings and Mrs. Samuel I. Motter. R. E. Turner, a cousin, died in 1910.

The funeral services occurred from the residence and were very largely attended. The services were in charge of Dr. J. E. Dillard of the First Baptist Church, who was her pastor. The pallbearers were Jesse I. Roberts, Ned Biles, C. H. Williams, F. B. Griffin, E. B. Newcombe, H. B. Harris, True Davis and C. E. Betts.

The Confederate Veterans, who looked upon her almost as a daughter on account of her splendid efforts in their behalf, turned out to attend the services. They as well as all St. Joseph feel that in the taking away of Miss Tutt they have lost one of those friends whose place can never be filled.

THE AMENDE HONORABLE

How Chicken Stealing Accusations Are Disposed of in Nodaway County

Wrongfully Accused

County of Nodaway.

I, H. A. Brown, being duly sworn, on oath doth depose and say that the report circulating about that I caught Mr. Chas. Hicks on my farm stealing chickens is a falsehood, and whoever originated this lie must of did it for a joke, or to harm Mr. Hicks.

H. A. Brown.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of Sept., 1916. (Seal)

My commission expires June 21, 1917.

Pay H. Casteel, Notary Public.

Next week will be Fashion Week for St. Joseph, and the city shop windows will be dressed in their brightest plumage. There will be many free attractions, including aeroplane flights and the "Battle Cry of Peace." All the country tributary to St. Joseph will be here.

SEN. STONE TELLS THEM ABOUT IT

Answers the Criticisms Made of Wilson's Action in the Railroad Troubles

PAYS HIS RESPECTS TO TRADUCERS

In His Vigorous and Characteristic Style Missouri's Great Senator Defends the Action of President Wilson in Averting a Strike Which Would Have Prostrated the Business of the United States and Brought Want and Suffering on All, and Shows that as a Result of His Action the Country Is Behind Our Great President.

The national Democratic committee from its Chicago headquarters this week issued a statement by Missouri's great senator, William Joel Stone, which is entitled "A Work About the So-Called Eight-Hour Law as Related to Railroad Operatives," and which is claimed to represent the thought of the administration upon the subject. As usual with all things which he undertakes, Senator Stone handled the subject vigorously and forcefully and without gloves. Among other things that he said was:

"Messrs. Hughes, Roosevelt, Root, Lodge, Penrose, Crane, Pierpont Morgan, George W. Perkins and that entire genus maintains that the president and congress surrendered to force and thereby discredited public authority and weakened the foundations of our governmental institution."

Falsity One Weakness of Charge

"One weakness about this charge is that it is false. Nobody threatened the president or congress; nobody demanded anything of them. There was no controversy between the government and the railroad employees, nor between the government and the railroad managements. The controversy was purely industrial, waged between several hundred thousand men who actually operate trains on the one hand and the managers of the railroads on the other."

"The trouble had reached a point so acute that these hundreds of thousands of men were on the verge of a strike; they were about to quit work and thus leave the entire railroad transportation of the country tied up for an indefinite period."

The statement then points out that while the crisis existed, senators and representatives and members of the administration were receiving communications from all sections of the country indicating that "the public sentiment almost universally favored any reasonable means of averting this catastrophe." The senator pointed out the possible effects of a strike on the fruit growers of the Far West, on feeders of livestock, farmers shipping grain on contracts, manufacturers of steel and textiles under contract to be shipped, on the fuel supply of the country and on the mining and timber industries and their allied interests and dependents.

"The fact is," he continued, "the very threat of this nationwide lockup caused a big jump in the prices of food, coal and all the necessities of life and industry and it is worthy of note that when the danger passed prices went back to normal."

"These are the things the president faced and such the calamity he bravely, patiently, patriotically sought to avert."

"Who blames him? Mr. Hughes says he should have investigated the questions at issue before acting. They seem to think that, although the house was on fire, the president should have inquired into the cause of the fire before putting it out, instead of first putting it out and then investigating the cause."

Amazed at Justice Hughes

"I can understand this argument when made by men like J. Pierpont Morgan, George W. Perkins and others of that type, but I am amazed that Justice Hughes should adopt it. I am amazed that he would ally himself with Mr. Morgan—multimillionaire prince of Wall street, maker and wrecker of railroads, lord of the British exchequer in America."

"Is that really the issue that Mr. Hughes presents to the judgment of the American people? For myself I proclaim this achievement, considered in its immediate and patent blessings,

as one of the greatest in the history of the republic.

"Mr. Hughes, hard driven, is appealing to powerful special interests. I am sorry to behold this spectacle in our public life. I am sure the president will not shrink from this issue. He has other things of vastly greater importance to talk about, but he can meet this issue without a shadow of apprehension."

"I would turn from Morgan, Perkins, Root, Roosevelt, Lodge, Penrose and all such as these who preach these strange doctrines and ask the great masses of the people whether the president was right. Moreover when powerful, opulent, sinister, special interests assail the president because of this fine act of Christian statesmanship, I would ask the workingmen, who with the president must bear the brunt of these attacks—for they are aimed at the great labor interests of the country—what answer they will make."

THE NEW PENSION LAW

Congressman Booher Gives Facts Concerning the New Rating as Applied to Widows

The following letter from Congressman Charles F. Booher of this district will prove of great interest to the widows of war veterans of this section. It says:

"As a matter of interest to many of your readers I wish to advise that the Ashbrook widows' pension bill has become law."

"Under the provisions of this law a widow whose name is now on the roll at a less rate is entitled to have her pension increased to \$20 per month, provided, either that she was the wife of the soldier during his service in the Civil War, or that she has reached the age of seventy years. In such cases no formal application is required. A letter addressed to the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C., giving the number of her certificate, the name of the soldier, his company and regiment, will insure prompt attention and secure the increase if warranted."

"A widow who was dropped from the roll because of remarriage, if her second husband is dead or she is divorced from him, can be restored to the roll at \$12 per month until she reaches seventy, at which time she will become entitled to \$20 per month."

"A widow who married a soldier between June 27, 1890, and June 27, 1905, is entitled to \$12 per month until she reaches seventy years of age, after which she is entitled to \$20 per month. "Widows coming within either of the last two classes must file formal applications and furnish evidence to establish their claims."

"Respectfully,"

"CHAS. F. BOOHER."

WHERE HIS THOUGHTS RUN

Terse Sayings of an Evangelist Who is Holding Forth at Maryville this Week

"Any one would think this a tabernacle instead of a tabernacle," said Dr. Scoville, commenting on the fact in Monday night's collection were sixty nickels.

"Say," he said, "these Maryville pans are the finest in the world except that kind that rings a bell for one dollar, two bells for a half, four bells for a quarter, starts an alarm clock for a dime, repeats the alarm for a nickel, fires a pistol for a penny and snaps a picture for nothing."

Eight dollars, 8 halves, 65 quarters, 124 dimes, 123 nickels and 27 pennies made up the Tuesday collection, the evangelist announced last night. "And only about one out of ten gave," he declared.

STIFEL'S LITTLE LAMM.

"I am Stifel's little Lamm: Happy all day long I am; All my trust I place in him. He is sure to put me in."

"I also love his good friend Howe— Make him leader here and now. What you do for me today. When I'm governor I'll repay."

"I place my hopes with just you two; I'm pledged to no one else but you. For the people I don't care a damn— I am just your little Lamm."

WANT TO TASTE "PIE"

Mr. Hughes' failure to show cause why he should get the presidency recalls these famous lines:
◆ Said Simple Simon to the pie man
◆ Let me taste your ware.
◆ Said the pie man to Simple Simon
◆ First let me see your penny.
◆ Said Simple Simon to the pie man
◆ Indeed I haven't any.